# THAME BARNS CENTRE ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

### LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees

R Gibson

T Haley

(Appointed 21 September 2017)

D Butler A Garratt **G** Taylor **G** Hunt D Dodds

**Charity number** 

900597

Independent examiner

Richardsons

30 Upper High Street

Thame Oxfordshire OX9 3EZ

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# TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's governing document, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance within Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended for accounting periods commencing from 1 January 2016).

#### REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered Charity number is 900597

Principal Address Church Road Thame

Oxfordshire OX9 3AJ

#### Objectives and activities

Thame Barns Centre was established as a charity by lease and Trust Deed dated 21 May 1990 made between Thame Town Council and the Diocesan Trustees (Oxford) Limited, The PCC of the Parish of Thame, and the Trustees appointed at that time. The object of the centre was and still is to provide a community facility for the people of Thame and district. The original lease expired in May 2011 and a new lease of 12 years duration came into effect in December 2011.

#### Achievements and performance

The Barns Centre is a focal point for the town of Thame, providing facilities for people of all ages and across all sections of the community. The Governing Body sees their responsibilities as both to encourage initiatives from the community in addition to developing its own initiatives within the centre. Whilst understanding the need to make the centre a commercial success, any surpluses accruing in a year will be applied to improving the centre's facilities and supporting the wider community. In this context, the Governing Body has been mindful of the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit and ensured that the Thame Barns Centre continues to have facilities available for use by the whole community for meetings and recreational activities with specific provision made for local groups which work with the disabled, elderly and disadvantaged.

The day to day running of the Barns Centre is undertaken by the Joint Centre Managers - Karen Clark and Patay Baker - supported by a team of part time and casual staff, with the latter assisting in providing catering and serving duties at the many functions held at the Barns Centre. In addition to the functions, there are regular and occasional bookings for the hiring of the various rooms at the centre. It is encouraging to report that during this last year, the Barns Centre has continued to be well used by local residents, groups and businesses.

The trustees would like to piace on record their appreciation of all the work carried out during the year by the joint centre managers and the support staff without whom the centre would not be the great success which undoubtedly it is.

#### Financial review

During 2017/2018, income from functions and room hire has decreased from £ 167,348 in 2016/2017 to £159,781 in the current year, a change of £7,567. The surplus for the year of £21,672 was £7,941 higher than last year's surplus of £13,731 as a result of the reduction in charitable activity expenditure. As at 31 March 2018 the closing bank balance was £225,423 ( 31 March 2017 £195,632 ).

The charity aims to hold at least 2 months of expenditure in reserves at any point in time. This is equal to around £30,000. The trustees are also aware that major repairs on the roof of the building will be required within 5 years.

#### Structure, governance and management

The charity is controlled by its governing document, a deed of trust and constitutes an unincorporated charity.

# TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Recruitment and appointment of new trustees

Thame Town Council and St. Mary's Church each have three trustee representatives on the Governing Body (including the Town Clerk and the Vicar of St. Mary's Church respectively) and in the first instance such trustee representatives would have their appointment proposed and endorsed at a formal meeting of the Town Council in the case of a Thame Town Council member and at a Parochial Church Council meeting in the case of a St. Mary's Church nominee.

The final member of the Governing Body is the Treasurer who need not be a member of either of the two bodies and would be appointed by the Governing Body as and when a vacancy arises.

All trustee appointments have to be approved at the subsequent Annual General Meeting of the Thame Barns Centre.

Risk Management

Trustee

The trustees have a duty to identify and review the risks to which the charity is exposed and to ensure appropriate controls are in place to provide reasonable assurance against fraud and error.

Trustees R Gibson	
T Haley	(Appointed 21 September 2017)
D Butler A Garratt	
G Taylor	
G Hunt	
D Dodds	
J Hussey	(Resigned 13 July 2017)
The trustees' report was app	proved by the Board of Trustees.
R Gibeon	

# INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THAME BARNS CENTRE

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Thame Barns Centre (the charity) for the year ended 31 March 2018.

#### Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act).

I report in respect of my examination of the charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act. In carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

#### Independent examiner's statement

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared financial statements in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn.

I understand that this has been done in order for financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- 1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the charity as required by section 130 of the 2011 Act; or
- 2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or
- 3 the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charitles (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.

Andrew King FCA
Richardsons

30 Upper High Street Thame Oxfordshire OX9 3EZ

Dated: 11 July 2017

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

		2018	2017
Income from	Notes	£	3
Income from: Donations and legacies			
<del>-</del>	3	-	149
Charitable activities	4	159,781	167,348
Investments	5	477	833
Total income		160,258	168,330
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	6	138,586	154,599
Net income for the year/			
Net movement in funds		21,672	13,731
Fund balances at 1 April 2017		243,291	229,560
Fund balances at 31 March 2018		264,963	243,291

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

2017 £
£
41,32
15,611
195,632
100,002
211,243
(9,280)
<del></del>
201,96
248.00
243,29
243,291
243,291
====

R Gibson

Trustee

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Charity Information**

Thame Barns Centre was established as a charity by lease and Trust Deed dated 21 May 1990 made between Thame Town Council and the Diocesan Trustees (Oxford) Limited, The PCC of the Parish of Thame, and the Trustees appointed at that time. The principal address is Thame Barns Centre, Church Road, Thame, Oxfordahlre, OX9 3AJ.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's Trust Deed, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended for accounting periods commencing from 1 January 2016). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities applying FRS 102 Update Bulletin 1 not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### 1.3 Charitable funde

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives unless the funds have been designated for other purposes.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

#### 1.4 Incoming resources

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount, income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Glft Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes. In the case of weddings, room hire is invoiced at the time of booking and is recognised in creditors. This is then recognised as incoming resources when the function is held.

#### 1.5 Resources expended

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis inclusive of VAT where this cannot be reclaimed and has been classified under headings that aggregate all cost related to the category. Where costs can not be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

#### 1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings

15% straight line basis

Computers

15% straight line basis

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is detarmined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in net income/(expenditure) for the year.

#### 1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

#### 1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.9 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial essets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

#### 1.10 Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the charity's pension scheme are charged to the Statement of Financial Activities in the period to which they relate.

#### 2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

3	Donations and legacies		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Donations and gifts	-	149
4	Charitable activities		
		2018 €	2017 £
	Sales within charitable activities	159,781	167,348
5	Investments		
		2018	2017
		٤	£
	Interest receivable	477	833

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 6 Charitable activities

	2018 £	2017 £
Wages	-	
Employers NI	66,161	67,498
Pensions	1,235	1,103
insurance	2,118	1,810
Light and heat	2,542	2,110
Telephone	5,452	4,575
Sundry	1,010	883
Catering and ber	836	5,954
Maintenance and renewals	21,106	24,849
Cleaning	12,802	11,744
Water	2,044	2,374
Waste disposal	1,470	1,451
Management and administration	1,816	1,809
Training	4,200	2,464
Independent Examiner's fee	639	835
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	950	850
	14,405	24,290
	138,586	154,599
	138,586	154,599
Analysis by fund		
Unrestricted funds		
Officerications	138,586	
	138,586	
For the year ended 31 March 2017		
Unrestricted funds		
an and the IMB		154,599
		154,599

#### 7 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

There were no trustees' expenses paid for the year ended 31 March 2018 nor for the year ended 31 March 2017.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

8	Employees			
	Number of employees			
	The average monthly number employees during the year was:			
			2018	2017
			Number	Number
			20	16
	No employees received emoluments in excess of £60,000.			
9	Tangible fixed assets			
		Fixtures and fittings	Computers	Total
	Cont	£	٤	3
	At 1 April 2017			
	Additions	187,458	390	167,846
	Lender (MP) 100	2,299	2,342	4,641
	At 31 March 2018	169,765	2,732	172,487
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 April 2017	128,351	167	126,518
	Depreciation charged in the year	14,288	117	14,405
				17,700
	At 31 Merch 2018	140,639	284	140,923
	Complete and the second			
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2018			
	At 37 March 2018	29,116	2,448	31,564
	At 31 March 2017	44.40		
	LE O. INDIGITALL	41,105	223 ====	41,328
10	Financial instruments		2018	2017
			£	£
	Carrying amount of financial assets			
	Debt instruments measured at amortised cost		17,936	15,611
	Carrying amount of financial liabilities			
	Measured at amortised cost		40.000	<b>—</b>
			10,302	7,735

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

11	Debtore		
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2018 £	2017 £
	Trade debtors	-	L
	Prepayments and accrued income	17,938	15,611
		1,517	•
		19,453	15,611
			====
12	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Other taxation and social security	1,175	4 545
	Trade creditors	2,485	1,545
	Other creditors	6,607	1,981
	Accruals and deferred income	1,210	4,904
		1,210	850
		11,477	9,280

### 13 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year (2017 - none).